

IMX-111 Kills Tumors in Colon Cancer Xenograft Mouse Model & Doxorubicin-resistant Breast Cancer Xenograft Mouse Model



Kills Tumors in HCT-116 Colon Cancer Cell Line Which Is Not Typically Treated With Doxorubicin...

HCT-116 Xenograft Model: Tumor Volume & Survival Curve After 14 day treatment (7 injections)



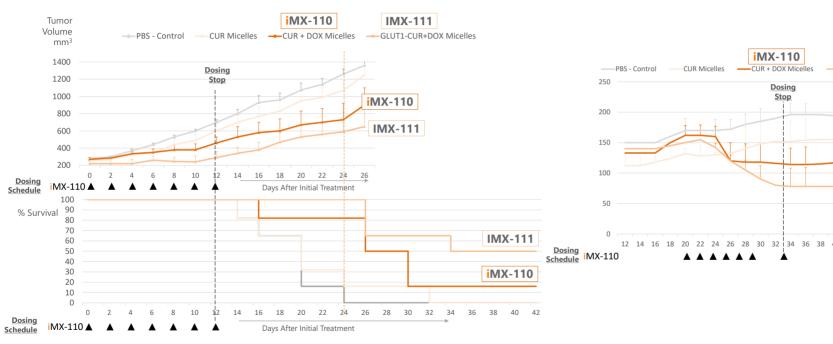
... And Kills Tumors in Doxorubicin resistant MDA-MB-231 Breast Cancer Cell Line

MDA-MB-231 Xenograft Model: Tumor Volume After 7 injections

IMX-111

IMX-110

IMX-111



Tumor inhibition studies of various micellar formulations. Female nude (NU/NU) mice bearing 250mm³ HCT-116 tumors were treated every 2 d starting at day 0 (7 total tail vein injections, arrows correspond to injection days) at a dose of 4 mg/kg CUR and 0.4 mg/kg DOX. N = 6 with SEM. Empty micelle dose was equivalent to the amount of lipid from the drug-loaded micelle groups. A – Tumor volume. B – Survival curve, survival was determined when the tumor reached 1000mm³ (Sourced From Abouzeid et al, 2013)

Tumor inhibition studies of various micellar formulations. Nude mice bearing ~150 mm³ MDA-MB-231 tumors were treated every 2 days starting at Day 20 except last injection administered at day 33 (7 total IV injections) at a dose of 6 mg/kg CUR and 1 mg/kg DOX. N≥6 with SEM (Sourced from Abouzeid et al, 2014).



IMX-111 Kills Cancer Cells In Doxorubicin Resistant Glioblastoma Spheroids

... Effectively Penetrates & Kills a 3D Spheroid Model of Doxorubicin resistant U87MG Glioblastoma Cancer Cell Line ...

Penetration Into Doxorubicin resistant U87MG 3D Spheroids 3D GBM Spheroids Model: Cell viability (%) vs. control (Free CUR or Free DOX) of doxorubicin-resistant U87MG cells after 48 h 130 µm Z-projection GLUT-1 scFv rhodamine micelles IMX-111 % Viability Non-targeted rhodamine micelles iMX-110 **iMX-110 IMX-111** Rhodamine Fluorescence 250 →GLUT-1 scFv Rhodamine micelles - 1 mg/ml Intensity IMX-111 100 Non-targeted Free CUR Free DOX CUR/DOX micelles GLUT-1 scFv-CUR/DOX micelles - 1 mg/ml micelles **IMX-110** 50uN 100uM 150uM 200uM Evaluation of 48 h cytotoxicity on U87MG spheroids in vitro. The spheroids were treated with 40 μM CUR and 0.8 μM DOX, alone or Depth (um) in combination. The viability values obtained by CellTiter-Glo assay following 48 h treatment of the spheroids. Five spheroids were used as one replicate and results indicate n = 3, one-way ANOVA with Tukey's multiple comparison test (Sarisozen et al. 2016) 10 µm 70 um 100 um 130 um Z-projection GLUT-1 scFv Penetration Into Doxorubicin resistant U87MG 3D Spheroids Cell Nuclei (Pink/Red Color) doxorubicin micelles IMX-111 Non-targeted doxorubicin micelles iMX-110 DOX Free doxorubicin Control Fluorescence GLUT-1 scFv-Dox **IMX-110** Control **IMX-111** Corrected IMX-111 Integrated Pixel → Non-targeted Density Dox micelles Colocalization (magenta) of DOX (red) in the nuclei (blue) with the early-endosomal marker (green) by confocal microscopy. (A) iMX-110 Control, (B) non-targeted DOX micelles, (C) GLUT-1 scFy-targeted DOX micelles, 63x, 1.4-numerical aperture plan-apochromat oil immersion objective, ROI: 40x40 µM (Sarisozen et al. 2016) Free Dox base Control 50uN 100 uM 150uM 200uM

Source: Immix Biopharma Management, Sarisozen et. al. (2016 - https://doi.org/10.1016/i.eipb.2016.08.013):

Depth (um)



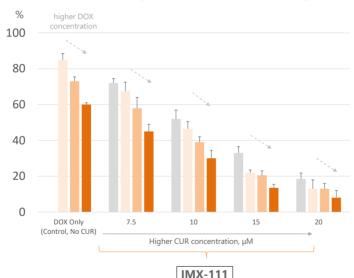
IMX-111 Kills Various Tumors Types Irrespective Of Doxorubicin Sensitivity (Cell Lines 1/2)



Kills Cancer Cells in HCT-116 Colon Cancer Cell Line Which Is Not Typically Treated With Doxorubicin...

Cell viability (%) vs. control (empty micelle) of doxorubicin-resistant HCT-116 cells after 48 h

GLUT1-CUR with 0.4 μ M DOX
GLUT1-CUR with 0.1 μ M DOX
GLUT1-CUR micelles only

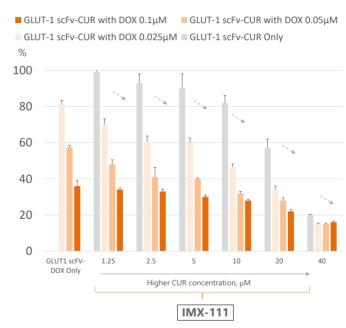


Viability of doxorubicin-resistant HCT-116 colon cancer cells after 48 h of continuous incubation with combination micelles at various concentrations of CUR and DOX. Cell viability was determined using CellTiter Blue cell viability assay. Data shown are representative of three independent experiments performed in triplicate (Abouzeid et al, 2013)

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.. And Kills Cancer Cells in Doxorubicin resistant U87MG Glioblastoma Cancer Cell Line

Cell viability (%) vs. control (empty micelle) of doxorubicin-resistant U87MG cells after 48 h



Viability of doxorubicin-resistant U87MG glioblastoma cells following 48 h of continuous incubation with combination treatment at various concentrations of CUR and DOX. Cell viability was determined using CellTiter Blue cell viability assay. Data shown are representative of three independent experiments performed in triplicate (Sarisozen et al, 2016)



IMX-111 Kills Various Tumors Types Irrespective Of Doxorubicin Sensitivity (Cell Lines 2/2)



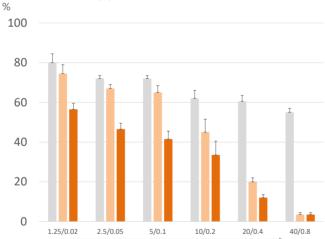
Kills Cancer Cells in Chemotherapy-resistant ovarian carcinoma (A2780/Adr) in vitro ..

Cell viability (%) vs. control (empty micelle) of doxorubicin-resistant A2780/Adr cells after 48 h

IMX-111 ■ G1 2-CUR/DOX Micelles

iMX-110 CUR/DOX Micelles

■ Empty Micelles



Higher CUR/DOX concentration, μM



[Viability of doxorubicin-resistant A2780/Adr ovarian carconima cancer cells after 48 h of continuous incubation with combination micelles at various concentrations of CUR and DOX. Cell viability was determined using CellTiter Blue cell viability assay. Data shown are representative of three independent experiments performed in triplicate (Immix Biopharma Management)]



... And Kills Cancer Cells In Multiple Myeloma RPMI8226

Cell viability (%) vs. control (empty micelle) of RPMI8226 cells after 48 h

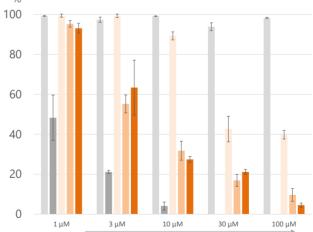
IMX-111 GLUT1-targeted Curcumin-doxorubicin co-loaded micelles

IMX-110 Curcumin-doxorubicin co-loaded micelles

Curcumin-only loaded micelles

■ Doxorubicin micelles





Higher Drug concentration, µM



[Viability of RPMI8226 multiple myeloma cells following 48 h of continuous incubation with combination treatment at various concentrations of CUR and DOX. Cell viability was determined using CellTiter Blue cell viability assay. Data shown are representative of three independent experiments performed in triplicate (Immix Biopharma Management)]